



# FROM EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE TO EARLY RECOVERY

SAMAH AL-QURAN, PHARM.D, MPH





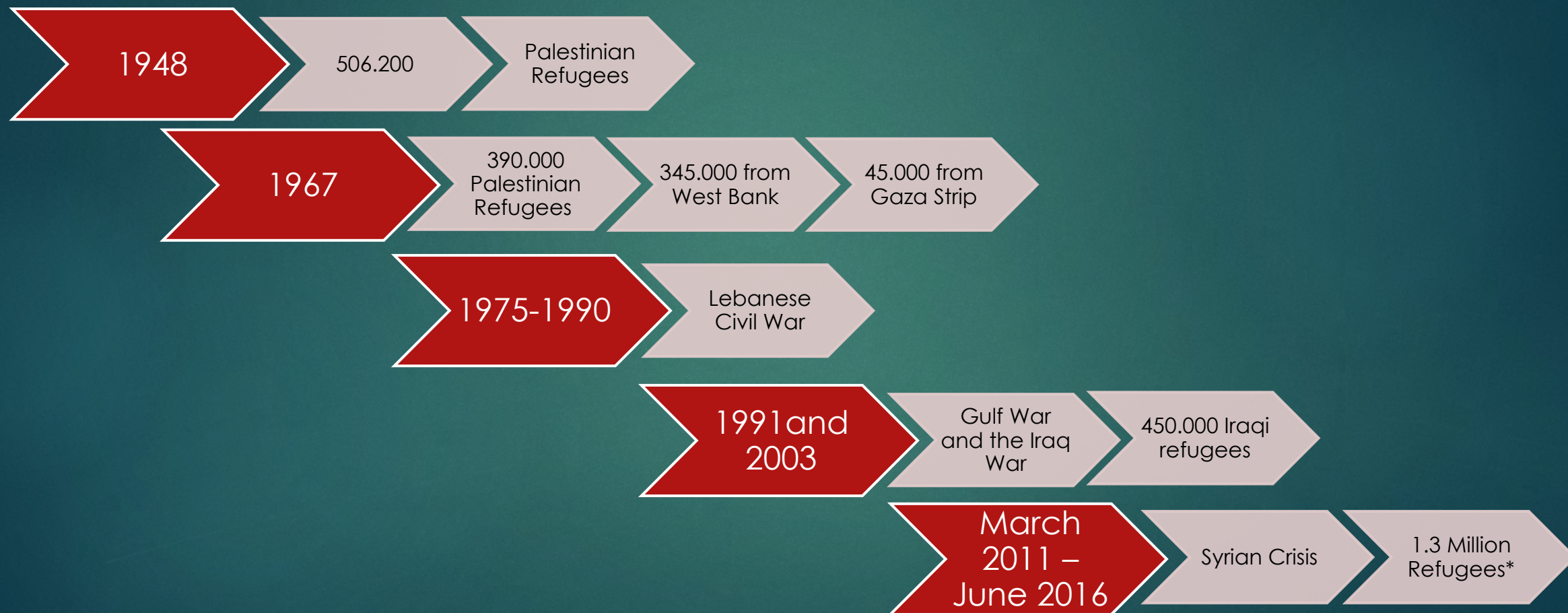




# Forced Migration to Jordan – Historical Developments



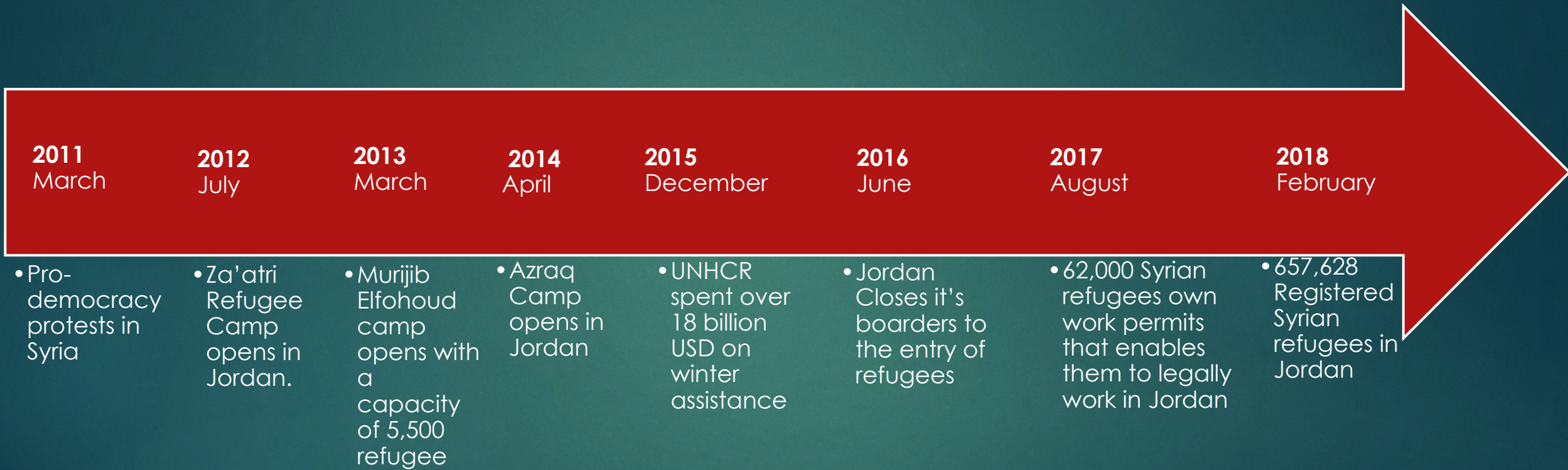
# Timeline of Jordan's Experience



\*General Census of Population and Housing in Jordan of November 2015



# Seven Years of The Syrian Crisis





# What Do Refugees Need



# Protection

1. Avoid exposing people to further harm as a result of your actions
2. Ensure people's access to impartial assistance – in proportion to need and without discrimination
3. Protect people from physical and psychological harm arising from violence and coercion
4. Assist people to claim their rights, access available remedies and recover from the effects of abuse



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# Shelter





# Education

- ▶ 29 schools in Zaatari camp.
- ▶ 5 schools in Azraq camp.
- ▶ Makani Project: My Space approach aims to expand learning opportunities for all children not accessing any form of education in Jordan. Makani centres have a holistic approach that provides all vulnerable children and youth with learning opportunities, life skills training and psychosocial support services under one roof.
- ▶ Higher education: in Jordan and scholarships outside Jordan.



# Water Supply, Hygiene, and Sanitation





# Food, Health, and Nutrition

- ▶ 12 facilities to provide health services in Zaatari camp and 5 in Azraq Camp.
- ▶ Outbreaks of communicable diseases. Hepatitis A, diarrhea,
- ▶ Reproductive health.
- ▶ Mental health.
- ▶ Non-communicable diseases





# Livelihoods

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# Le Champs-Élysées





# Zaatari Camp Facts

- ▶ **78,994** Total Persons of Concern (updated in 4<sup>th</sup> of February 2018)
- ▶ 80% of the population is from dara'a (southern of Syria).
- ▶ 461,701 refugees have passed through the camp
- ▶ 41% of the population is below 18 years.
- ▶ 1 in 5 households are headed by women.
- ▶ Average of 80 births per week, and 14,000 weekly consultations.
- ▶ The majority of refugees in the camp are from Da'ara Governorate in Syria.
- ▶ The camp is under the joint administration of the Jordanian Government and UNHCR.



# Zaatari Camp Facts Cont'

- ▶ 29 schools (12 facilities) 22,000 school-aged children enrolled.
- ▶ 27 community centres provide psychosocial support & recreational activities.
- ▶ 1 hospitals with 55 beds and 10 health care centres, 1 delivery unit 120 community health volunteers.



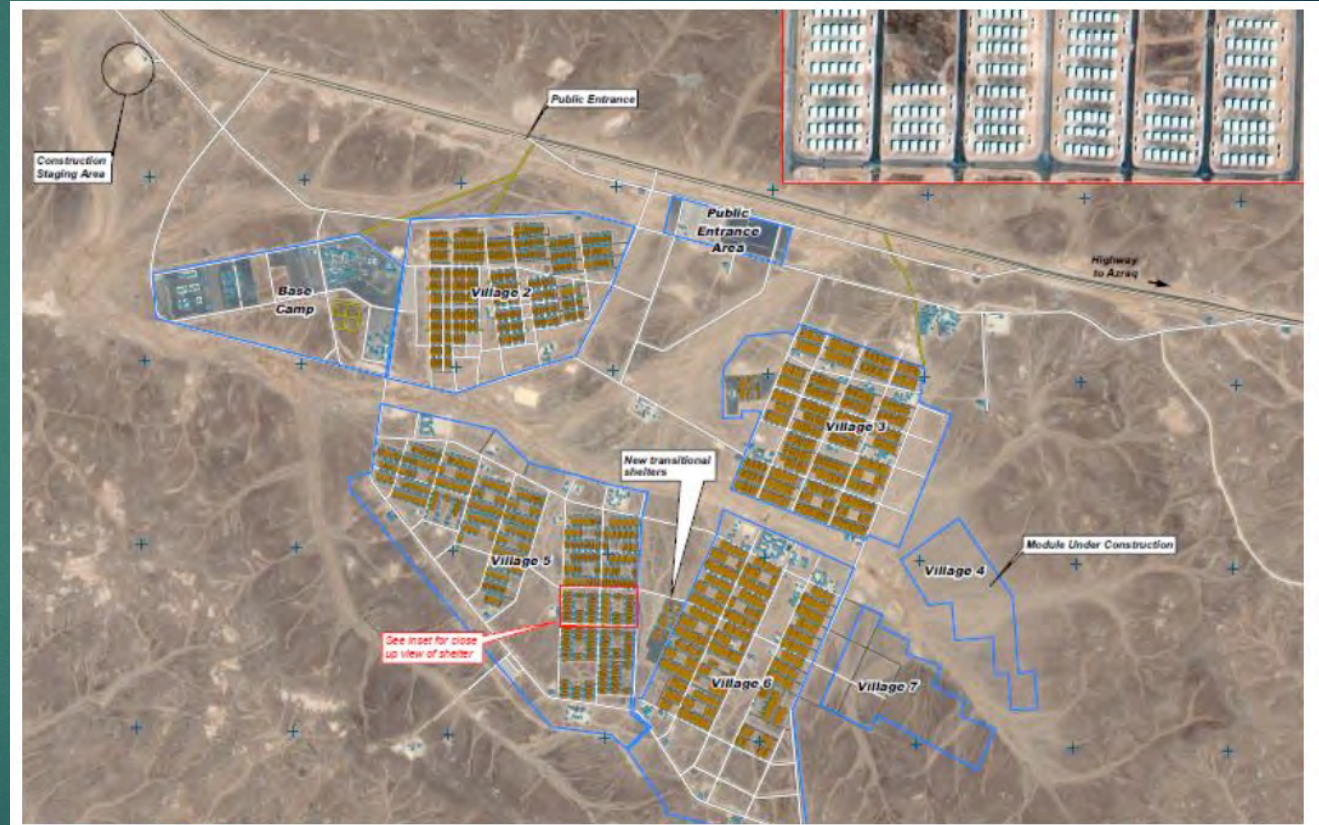






# Azraq Camp facts

- ▶ 35,529 refugees are actually in the camp out of 53,757 persons of concern registered.
- ▶ 41% of the population is below 18 years.
- ▶ 1,233 people with disabilities, 37% of these are children.
- ▶ 3 in 10 households are headed by women.
- ▶ 8,637 shelters currently allocated 10,023 shelters built since opening.
- ▶ 27% of the population is from Aleppo, 17% from Homs.



Map: UNOSAT



# Jordan's Response

- ▶ Since the start of the Syrian refugee influx in March 2011 Jordan has upheld the clear attitude of not interfering in the conflict between the Syrian government and opposition groups in Syria.
- ▶ Instead, the Kingdom calls on the international community to find a diplomatic solution to the Syrian Crisis and to put an end to the movements of Syrian forced migrants towards the neighboring countries.
- ▶ Jordan has also repeatedly emphasized the need to financially support the main host countries of Syrian refugees in the region.
- ▶ When the first Syrian refugees came to Jordan at the beginning of the crisis, they found a safe haven in Jordanian homes along the border between the two countries.
- ▶ Some Syrian refugee families are still living in the homes of Jordanian families. This is especially common in Al-Ramtha region in the far northwest of Jordan where there are strong historic ties and tribal relations of Jordanians and Syrians originating from Daraa' region in southwestern Syria.



# Jordan's Response Cont'

- ▶ When the refugee influx increased, the Jordanian government and international organizations, especially UNHCR, started to provide protection and relief services.
- ▶ On 13 January 2013, the government established a department for Syrian refugee camps affairs which was later modified and renamed "Syrian Refugee Affairs Directorate".
- ▶ Since its reform, it has been responsible for all Syrian refugees in the Kingdom, providing humanitarian services and coordinating refugee aid activities between the Jordanian government and international and local organizations and associations as well as coordinating donor support.



# Jordan's Response Cont'

- ▶ In February 2016, Jordan participated in the Syrian crisis-related donors' conference in London which provided a basis for cooperation between donor countries and refugee hosting countries and outlined several integrated steps to support Jordan with regard to the Syrian Crisis and its repercussions.
- 1. Turning the Syrian refugee crisis into a development opportunity that attracts new investments and opens up the EU market for Jordanian products, creating jobs for Jordanians and Syrian refugees whilst supporting the post-conflict Syrian economy;
- 2. Rebuilding Jordanian host communities by adequately financing through grants the Jordan Response Plan 2016-2018 (see below), in particular with regard to enhancing the resilience of host communities; and
- 3. Mobilizing sufficient grants and concessionary financing to support the macroeconomic framework and address Jordan's financing needs over the next three years, as part of Jordan entering into a new Extended Fund Facility program with the International Monetary Fund (IMF).



Just because he was born in camp,  
doesn't mean that he cannot start  
his life with a SMILE





# Thank You !

- ▶ Email: **Samah.quraan@gmail**
- ▶ Cellphone: **+962 79 9600033**
- ▶ Skype Name: **samah.quraan**
- ▶ Abunusier commercial complex P.O.541529  
Abunusier, Amman, Jordan 11937.